

Learning Domains

The gray shading indicates the Student Affairs Learning Domains. [In each section there are <u>examples</u> of how students might demonstrate their learning, tools you could use to collect assessment evidence, and sample unit-level student learning outcomes to use as guides (See Appendices for more learning outcomes examples).]

Think Critically and Solve Problems			
Students may demonstrate their learning by: • Developing a budget • Allocating funding requests • Planning and coordinating events • Writing reflection papers	Tools to collect assessment evidence may include: • Rubrics • Quizzes • Structured interviews • Concept maps • Campus-wide surveys (e.g., UCUES) (See Appendix A for more assessment tool examples)	 <u>Unit-level</u> student learning outcomes may include: Identify the unstated assumptions of an argument Judge the consistency of supporting reasons/evidence Cite relevant evidence to support one's position Evaluate assumptions to advance solutions Propose alternative hypotheses regarding an event (See Appendix B for more learning outcomes examples) 	
Communicate Effectively			
Students may demonstrate their learning by: • Giving oral presentations • Writing an essay • Role playing • Participating in meetings • Poster presentations • Writing cover letters	Tools to collect assessment evidence may include: • Rubrics • Checklists • Surveys • Campus-wide surveys* (e.g., UCUES, The CIRP Freshman Survey, College Senior Survey)	 Unit-level student learning outcomes may include: Use language appropriate to the audience and occasion Listen with an open mind to others' different points of view Engage in dialogue with a focus on inclusive language Use technology to effectively communicate Give and respond to feedback appropriately (See Appendix C for more learning outcomes examples) 	

Advance Personal, Academic, and Pr	rofessional Success	
Students may demonstrate their learning by: • Writing resumes • Creating academic plans • Creating career plans • Writing reflection papers • Developing a portfolio	Tools to collect assessment evidence may include: • Rubrics • Checklists • Surveys • Quizzes	 Unit-level student learning outcomes may include: Develop technological competence Develop time management skills Enact a plan for personal/academic/professional goals Incorporate ethical reasoning into decision making Develop self-knowledge and awareness of one's beliefs, values, and cultural background
Lead in a Diverse Global Society		
Students may demonstrate their learning by: • Participating in student organization leadership • Writing reflection papers • Engaging in team building exercises	Tools to collect assessment evidence may include: Rubrics Checklists Interviews Surveys Campus-wide surveys (e.g., UCUES, College Senior Survey)	 Unit-level student learning outcomes may include: Motivate others to strive towards a common purpose, in groups that may be comprised of individuals that have cultural differences Work in groups to develop and achieve shared goals Demonstrate a willingness to seek and receive feedback on one's leadership Demonstrate a willingness to modify one's leadership based on feedback
Engage in a Healthy Lifestyle		
Students may demonstrate their learning by: • Keeping a journal • Taking a knowledge quiz • Taking a survey	Tools to collect assessment evidence may include: • Rubrics • Campus-wide surveys (e.g., UCUES, UCOP Global Food Initiative Survey, National Collegiate Health Assessment)	 <u>Unit-level</u> student learning outcomes may include: Engage in physical well-being behaviors Identify in financial well-being behaviors Use healthy coping strategies to manage stress Develop skills to negotiate competing demands

Promote Social Justice and Community Responsibility				
Students may demonstrate their learning by: • Keeping a journal • Crafting an essay (e.g., written, video, photo) • Taking a survey	Tools to collect assessment evidence may include: Rubrics Campus-wide surveys (e.g., The CIRP Freshman Survey, UCUES, Your First College Year Survey)	 Unit-level student learning outcomes may include: Understand dimensions of identity and the intersectionality of identities and how it may relate to power, privilege, and oppression Articulate the impact of power, privilege, and oppression Describe institutional factors of discrimination and prejudice Engage with the campus, local community, state, nation, or the globe via decision-making opportunities or service 		